

**2015 Wyoming Code**  
**TITLE 14 - CHILDREN**  
**CHAPTER 2 - PARENTS**  
**ARTICLE 4 - GENERAL PROVISIONS**  
**SECTION 14-2-403. - Scope of act; choice of law.**

**Universal Citation:** [WY Stat § 14-2-403. \(2015\)](#)

**14-2-403. Scope of act; choice of law.**

- (a) This act applies to every determination of parentage in this state.
- (b) The court shall apply the law of this state to adjudicate the parent-child relationship. The applicable law does not depend on:
  - (i) The place of birth of the child; or
  - (ii) The past or present residence of the child.
- (c) This act does not create, enlarge or diminish parental rights or duties under other law of this state.
- (d) This act does not authorize or prohibit an agreement between a woman and a man and another woman in which the woman relinquishes all rights as a parent of a child conceived by means of assisted reproduction, and which provides that the man and the other woman become the parents of the child. If a birth results under such an agreement and the agreement is unenforceable under Wyoming law, the parent-child relationship is determined as provided in article 4 of this act.

**2015 Wyoming Code**  
**TITLE 34.1 - UNIFORM COMMERCIAL CODE**  
**SECTION 34.1-8-110. - Applicability; choice of law.**

**Universal Citation:** [WY Stat § 34.1-8-110. \(2015\)](#)

**34.1-8-110. Applicability; choice of law.**

(a) The local law of the issuer's jurisdiction, as specified in subsection (d) of this section, governs:

(i) The validity of a security;

(ii) The rights and duties of the issuer with respect to registration of transfer;

(iii) The effectiveness of registration of transfer by the issuer;

(iv) Whether the issuer owes any duties to an adverse claimant to a security; and

(v) Whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person to whom transfer of a certificated or uncertificated security is registered or a person who obtains control of an uncertificated security.

(b) The local law of the securities intermediary's jurisdiction, as specified in subsection (e) of this section, governs:

(i) Acquisition of a security entitlement from the securities intermediary;

(ii) The rights and duties of the securities intermediary and entitlement holder arising out of a security entitlement;

(iii) Whether the securities intermediary owes any duties to an adverse claimant to a security entitlement; and

(iv) Whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person who acquires a security entitlement from the securities intermediary or a person who purchases a security entitlement or interest therein from an entitlement holder.

(c) The local law of the jurisdiction in which a security certificate is located at the time of delivery governs whether an adverse claim can be asserted against a person to whom the security certificate is delivered.

(d) "Issuer's jurisdiction" means the jurisdiction under which the issuer of the security is organized or, if permitted by the law of that jurisdiction, the law of another jurisdiction specified by the issuer. An issuer organized under the law of this state may specify the law of another jurisdiction as the law governing the matters specified in paragraph (a)(ii) through (v) of this section.

(e) The following rules determine a "securities intermediary's jurisdiction" for purposes of this section:

(i) If an agreement between the securities intermediary and its entitlement holder governing the securities account expressly provides that a particular jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction for purposes of this part, this article or this act, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction;

(ii) If paragraph (i) does not apply and an agreement between the securities intermediary and its entitlement holder governing the securities account expressly provides that the agreement is governed by the law of a particular jurisdiction, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction;

(iii) If neither paragraph (i) nor (ii) applies and an agreement between the securities intermediary and its entitlement holder governing the securities account expressly provides that the securities account is maintained at an office in a particular jurisdiction, that jurisdiction is the securities intermediary's jurisdiction;

(iv) If none of the preceding paragraphs applies, the securities intermediary's jurisdiction is the jurisdiction in which the office identified in an account statement as the office serving the entitlement holder's account is located;

(v) If none of the preceding paragraphs applies, the securities intermediary's jurisdiction is the jurisdiction in which the chief executive office of the securities intermediary is located.

(f) A securities intermediary's jurisdiction is not determined by the physical location of certificates representing financial assets, or by the jurisdiction in which is organized the issuer of the financial asset with respect to which an entitlement holder has a security entitlement, or by the location of facilities for data processing or other record keeping concerning the account.